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#### Introduction

#### Dr. Robinson

- Community-based social worker for 21 years working with marginalized populations
- African American, Latina, Indigenous incarcerated women, teen parents
- Low-income communities
- Served women, youth and families through nonprofit organizations and public schools in Kalamazoo, Ann Arbor, and Southwest Detroit.
- Research focus: healing and resilience; post-traumatic growth after adverse childhood experiences; physical and mental wellbeing among African Americans, flourishing.



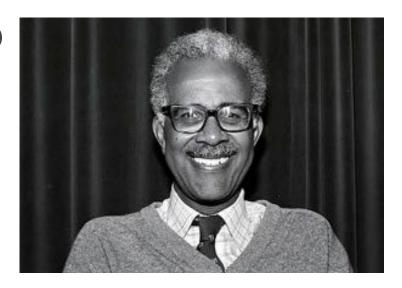
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# Microaggressions

Dr. Chester Middlebrook Pierce (1970)

- Harvard Professor of Psychiatry
- Coined racial microaggressions
  - Based on his observations of daily and cumulative injuries experienced by African Americans
- Subtle, cumulative mini assaults



#### Microaggressions

Brief, commonplace verbal, behavioral or environmental indignities that communicate hostile, derogatory or negative slights and insults towards marginalized people

May be intentional or unintentional

(Sue et al., 2010)



### Racism/Sexism vs. Microaggressions

#### Isms...

- Overt
- Fostered by institutional power and systems - i.e. schools, courts, government
- Intentional based on overt beliefs

#### Microaggressions

- Rooted in implicit bias
  - Based on underlying beliefs
- Often unintentional
- Subtle
- May be well-meaning
- Fostered by stereotypes, family, friends, media and other sources that influence how we see the world

## Contexts of microaggressions

- Racial
- Gender
- LGBTQ+
- Academic/Institutional hierarchy
- Geographic/Economic
- Ability
  - Physical
  - Cognitive
  - Mental health
- Health and others...

#### Types of Microaggressions

**Microassault**: a verbal or nonverbal attack meant to hurt the intended victim through name-calling, avoidant behavior, or purposeful discriminatory actions

Microinsult: Communications that convey rudeness and insensitivity and demean a person's racial heritage or identity

**Microinvalidation**: Communications that exclude, negate, or nullify the psychological thoughts, feelings, or experiential reality of an individual

#### Microaggression Themes

- 1. Assumption of intellectual inferiority
- 2. Second-class citizenship/Alien in one's own land
- 3. Assumption of criminality
- 4. Assumption of inferior status
- 5. Pathologizing cultural values or communication styles
- 6. Color-blindness I don't see your race
- 7. Myth of Meritocracy race doesn't matter for success
- 8. Gender role bias
- 9. Sexual objectification
- 10. Abnormality something wrong with being LGBTQ+

#### Microaggression Dilemmas

**Dilemma I: Clash of Realities:** Differing perspectives b/w races, genders, identities

Dilemma II: The invisibility of unintentional expressions of bias.

**Dilemma III: Perceived minimal harm of microaggressions** The perpetrator or others believe one who complains to be oversensitive.

Dilemma IV: The Catch-22 of responding

- To respond is to open oneself up to criticism, retaliation, isolation, irritation, annoyance
- To not respond is to leave oneself vulnerable to self-criticism, anxiety, sleeplessness, depression, unresolved anger, non-authenticity, etc.

### Small Slights, Cumulative Effect

- Often MA's are overlooked as small slights
- Cumulative effect is LARGE and can be detrimental to physical and mental health
- Like a <u>woodpecker</u> pecking away at a tree

#### Impact of microaggressions

- Many people (scholars included) feel that MA do not exist
- Detrimental effects on psychological wellbeing
- Loss of ambition, productivity and hope
- Mental health symptoms
  - Depression
  - Anxiety
  - Chronic psychological distress
  - Impede learning and problem solving
- Job Performance

Jane Elliot and Racism

#### Why are People Silent?

- Microaggressions and implicit bias are often subtle and seemingly invisible
- Microassaults/insults have been trivialized as innocuous
- The belief that antiracism is not their fight
  - I feel badly, but it's someone else's job to fix it
- Fear of attack, retaliation, or other repercussions
  - Social, professional, or political
- Not knowing WHAT to do
- Battle fatigue/emotional turmoil of constant fighting

# Group Discussion





#### Self-Awareness

- **Be intentional**. Start observing microaggressions around you and from you
- Practice. Be mindful about how you speak and THINK
- Accept responsibility for when your well-intentioned comment is perceived as microaggressive and commit to doing better
- Invite others to correct you
- Don't take offense or defend. State your intention and apologize
- It may be help to ask for insight

#### Strategies and Tactics to Address Microaggressions

Practical strategies to share with clients, employees, students, communities and other stakeholders

- 1. Make the invisible visible
- 2. Educate perpetrators and stakeholders
- 3. Disarm microaggressions
- 4. Use external supports and alliances





# 3 Types of Microinterventions

- 1. Microaffirmations
- 2. Microprotections
- 3. Microchallenges

### Microaffirmations

Small acts that validate and affirm a person's humanity, identities (i.e. racial/cultural/gender etc.), experiential reality, and worth or value

Make a person feel welcomed, seen, heard, respected, valued, supported, and affirmed

i.e. compliments; supports; validations

(Sue et al., 2020)

## Microprotections

Everyday actions from parents, significant others, or influential figures that

- a. teach the young to understand the reality discrimination and microaggressions
- b. send messages or engage in actions that promote pride
- c. equip them with tools to deal with bias and discrimination

i.e. racial literacy/critical consciousness

(Sue et al., 2020)

## Microchallenges

Direct actions that challenge and attempt to disarm, end, neutralize, or deflect the biased behavior or policy.

They are much more forceful and confrontational forms to combat discrimination and bias

i.e. engaging in civil disobedience or social advocacy

(Sue et al., 2020)



# Let's Practice

- 1. Sue, D. W., Calle, C. Z., Mendez, N., Alsaidi, S., & Glaeser, E. (2020). Microintervention Strategies: What You Can Do to Disarm and Dismantle Individual and Systemic Racism and Bias. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Sue, D. W. (2010). Microaggressions in everyday life: Race, gender, and sexual orientation. Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley.

#### YouTube Video Links:

- I Too Am Harvard: https://www.uoutube.com/watch?v= 85JVcniE M
- Nicole's View (2017, October 28). Get in the know!: The unapologetic Mrs. Jane Elliott [Video]. YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gwGVSnjCV6E
  Microaggressions Against White People: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KPRA4g-3yEk
- How to Handle Racist Jokes: https://youtu.be/Bg1aTLsS69Y
- 5 Tips for Being an Ally: https://youtu.be/ dg86g-QIM0

